Math 400: Discussion Questions/ Review # 12

A statement listed with [T/F] is a True/False statement that requires a proof or a counterexample, as appropriate.

- 1. Let $f: [0,2] \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined as f(x) equals 0 when $x = \frac{1}{n}$ in [0,2] and 1 when $x = \frac{1}{n}$ in [0,2]. Show that f is integrable on [0,2].
- 2. Let $f : [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ be the membership function of the Cantor set \mathcal{C} , that is f(x) = 1 of $x \in \mathcal{C}$ and 0 otherwise. Show that f is integrable.
- 3. Let f be integrable on [a, b]. Prove that kf is also integrable on [a, b] for any fixed real number k.
- 4. [T/F] Assume f and g are integrable on [a, b]. Then, over [a, b], integral of their average is the average of their integrals.
- 5. $[T/F] \int_0^1 \frac{\cos x}{1+x^2} \le \frac{\pi}{4}.$
- 6. Assume that "f integrable on $[a, b] \implies f^2$ integrable on [a, b]". Using this show that "f, g integrable on $[a, b] \implies fg$ integrable on [a, b]"
- 7. Prove that "f integrable on $[a, b] \implies f^2$ integrable on [a, b]".
- 8. [T/F] Assuming f, g are integrable on [a, b]. $\int_a^b fg = (\int_a^b f)(\int_a^b g)$.
- 9. When can we interchange the order of integral and limit for a sequnce of functions, that is $\lim_{n\to\infty}\int_a^b f_n = \int_a^b \lim_{n\to\infty} f_n?$
- 10. Give a proof of Integration by Parts using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
- 11. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} x \cos x$.
- 12. Show that $\int_a^b h(x) \int_{h(a)}^{h(b)} h^{-1}(u) = bh(b) ah(a)$, where h is a 1-to-1 differentiable function on (a, b).